
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Yacht Primer Grey

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Product name : Yacht Primer Grey
Product code : YPA275

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
<th>Uses advised against</th>
<th>Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumer application of coatings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional application of coatings and inks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Uses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
International Paint Ltd.
Stoneygate Lane
Felling
Gateshead
Tyne and Wear
NE10 0JY UK
Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com
National contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number
National advisory body/Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)

   | Telephone number |
---|-----------------|
Supplier | +44 (0)844 892 0111 |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
STOT RE 2, H373
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms:

- Warning
- Flammable liquid and vapour.

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements:
- Flammable liquid and vapour.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General:
- Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention:
- Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.

Response:
- Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Storage:
- Keep cool.

Disposal:
- Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients:
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Supplemental label elements:
- Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:
- Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
- None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>% by weight</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Nota(s)</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Index</th>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>EC</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>REACH</th>
<th>Threshold</th>
<th>Health Statements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>649-330-00-2</td>
<td>96-29-7</td>
<td>202-496-6</td>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>01-2119539477-28</td>
<td>≥0.3 - &lt;1</td>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304&lt;br&gt;Aquatic Chronic 2, H411&lt;br&gt;EUH066&lt;br&gt;Acute Tox. 4, H312&lt;br&gt;Eye Dam. 1, H318&lt;br&gt;Skin Sens. 1, H317&lt;br&gt;Carc. 2, H351</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | 616-014-00-0 | 96-29-7 | 202-496-6 | 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | 01-2119979088-21 | ≥0.1 - <0.3 | Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) (oral) |}

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact**

Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation**

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

**Skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**

Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**

No specific data.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - headache
  - drowsiness/fatigue
  - dizziness/vertigo
  - muscle weakness
  - unconsciousness

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - irritation
  - dryness
  - cracking

**Ingestion**
- No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician**
- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**

- **Skin contact**
- Irritation
- Dryness
- Cracking

- **Inhalation**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following:
  - headache
  - drowsiness
  - dizziness
  - vertigo
  - muscle weakness
  - unconsciousness

- **Ingestion**
- No specific data.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture**
- Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - sulfur oxides
  - metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**
- If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions
: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Small spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

6.4 Reference to other sections
: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Protective measures
: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Recommendations
: Not available.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific solutions
Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>EU OEL (Europe).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 197 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy</td>
<td>80/1107/EEC (Europe).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt</td>
<td>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures
If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs
No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs
No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls
Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid.
Colour: Grey.
Odour: Solvent.
Odour threshold: Not available.
pH: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range: Lowest known value: 155 to 217°C (311 to 422.6°F)(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).
Flash point: Closed cup: 35°C
Evaporation rate: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Vapour pressure: Not available.
Vapour density: Not available.
Relative density: 1.34

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Decomposition temperature : Not available.
Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 157 mm²/s
Explosive properties : Not available.
Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information
No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>6000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1001 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt;5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 microliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity
Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>central nervous system (CNS)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.
Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, muscle weakness, unconsciousness.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, dryness, cracking.
Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

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Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusions/Summary : Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>Acute LC₅₀ 843000 to 914000 µg/l</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogPₐw</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10 to 2500</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 to 2500</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.011872336</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>2.96</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Kₒₒ)

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code number</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EWC 08 01 11*</td>
<td>waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN number</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
<td>PAINT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Special provisions 640 (E)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel code (D/E)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IMDG Code Segregation group: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02/02/2017

Version: 3
SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory

: Not determined.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger

: Yes, applicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Carcinogenic effects</th>
<th>Mutagenic effects</th>
<th>Developmental effects</th>
<th>Fertility effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-butanone oxime</td>
<td>Carc. 2, H351</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>- Repr. 2, H361d</td>
<td>- Repr. 2, H361f</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-ethylhexanoic acid,</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(Unborn child) (oral)</td>
<td>(Fertility) (oral)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>zirconium salt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National regulations

References


15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
### SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 2, H373</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Full text of abbreviated H statements**

- **H226**: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- **H304**: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- **H312**: Harmful in contact with skin.
- **H317**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **H318**: Causes serious eye damage.
- **H336**: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- **H351**: Suspected of causing cancer.
- **H361fd**: Suspected of damaging fertility if swallowed. Suspected of damaging the unborn child if swallowed.
- **H372 (central nervous system (CNS))**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
- **H373**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **H411**: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- **H412**: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]**

- **Acute Tox. 4, H312**: ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
- **Aquatic Chronic 2, H411**: LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
- **Aquatic Chronic 3, H412**: LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
- **Asp. Tox. 1, H304**: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
- **Carc. 2, H351**: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
- **EUH066**: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- **Eye Dam. 1, H318**: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
- **Flam. Liq. 3, H226**: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- **Repr. 2, H361fd**: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility and Unborn child) (oral) - Category 2
- **Skin Sens. 1, H317**: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
- **STOT RE 1, H372**: SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) (oral) - Category 1
- **STOT SE 3, H336**: SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

**Notice to reader**

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user’s responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.
SECTION 16: Other information

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